THE [*Numb.* 646.]

MARYLAND GAZETTE,

Containing the freſheſt Advices foreign and domeſtic.

THURSDAY, *September* 22, 1757.

On the 10th Inſtant, Captain *Morris*, in the *Earl of Leiceſter* PACKET, arrived at *New-York*, in 33 Days from *Falmouth*, and brought *London* Prints to the ſecond of *Auguſt*, which contain'd the following Advices, *viz.*

LONDON, July 5.

YESTERDAY the King went to the Houſe, and made the following moſt gracious SPEECH, *viz.*

My Lords and Gentlemen,

AFTER ſo long and diligent Attendance upon public Buſineſs, it is Time that I ſhould give you ſome Receſs. But I cannot put an End to the Seſſion, without expreſſing my entire Satisfaction in the many Proofs I have received of your Zeal and Affection for my Perſon and Government, and of your unfeigned Concern for my Honour and real Support.

The Succour and Preſervation of my Dominions in America have been my conſtant Care. And, next to the Security of my Kingdoms, they ſhall continue to be my great and principal Object. And I have taken ſuch Meaſures, as, I truſt, by the Bleſſing of God, may effectually diſappoint the Deſigns of my Enemies in thoſe Parts.

I have had no other View, but to vindicate the juſt Rights of my Crown and Subjects from the moſt injurious Encroachments; to preſerve Tranquility, as far as the Circumſtances of Things might admit; and to prevent our true Friends, and the Liberties of Europe, from being oppreſſed or endangered by any unprovoked and unnatural Conjunction.

Gentlemen of the Houſe of Commons,

I thank you for the large Supplies which you have ſo chearfully and unanimouſly given me. It affords me great Pleaſure, that the frugal Uſe made of the Confidence repoſed in me the laſt Year, has been an Inducement to you to renew the ſame; and you may be aſſured, that it ſhall be applied only to the Purpoſes for which it was intended.

I ſhall be particularly attentive to reduce all unneceſſary Expences, in order the better to provide for the great and requiſite Service of the War.

My Lords and Gentlemen,

I have nothing to deſire of you, but what is equally eſſential to your own Intereſt, and to my Service. Let it be your conſtant Endeavour to promote Harmony and good Agreement amongſt my faithful Subjects; that by our Union at Home, we may be the better able to repel and fruſtrate Abroad the dangerous Deſigns of the Enemies of my Crown.

Bruſſels, June 27. Major de Tonnois, Chamberlain to Prince Charles of Lorrain, having left Prague the 21ſt Inſtant, arrived here Yeſterday at Noon, with Advice of a ſignal Victory gained the 18th, by her Imperial Majeſty's Troops, commanded by Marſhal Daun, over thoſe of the Enemy, commanded by the King of Pruſſia in Perſon; and this Morning a Courier arrived at Vienna, preceded by twelve Poſtillions, with a further Account. The Battle was fought at Chotzemitz, in the Circle of Kaurtzim; it began at Two o'Clock in the Afternoon, and laſted till Eight at Night. The Enemy returned ſeven Times to the Charge, but were always repulſed with the greateſt Valour. Both Officers and private Men behaved with unparallelled Bravery; and our Artillery performed Wonders! Generals Stampach, Sincere, Wied, Nicolas, and Eſſe haſt, particularly diſtinguiſhed themſelves. The Enemy left 10,000 killed and wounded upon the Field of Battle. We took a great Number of Priſoners, among whom are the Generals Dreſkow and Pannowitz; and we have likewiſe taken a great Part of their Artillery, Standards, and other Trophies. Marſhal Daun, to whom we owe the greateſt Commendations, received two ſlight Wounds, and had a Horſe wounded under him. Generals Serbelloni and Lobkowitz are likewiſe ſlightly wounded, and our Loſs amounts to between 4 and 5000 Men. This is the Subſtance of the Account which the Marſhal haſtily ſent to their Imperial Majeſties. General Vettes, who brought this News to Vienna, left the Army three Hours after the Engagement, and the Account he gives by Word of Mouth, is, that it was a deſperate One on the Side of the Enemy; that after the Firing on both Sides had been over for a conſiderable Time, the King of Pruſſia fell upon the Angle of the Right Wing of our Army, with all the Cavalry that he could get together, obliging them to climb up a high Hill for that Purpoſe, but that they were tumbled down from the Top to the Bottom by our Grenadiers. At Mr. de Vettes's Departure, we had taken 23 Standards or Colours, beſides a great Number of Cannon of all Sizes. Prince Maurice de Deſſau is ſaid to be killed. Of all the Circumſtances, one of the moſt memorable is, that the Rout of the Enemy's Army was ſo great, that Part of it fled towards Collin, and the Reſt towards Bohmiſchbrod, thus making two ſeparate Bodies. The King of Pruſſia muſt have left all his Baggage at Kaurtzim, and it was ſuppoſed that General Beck was gone that Way to endeavour to carry it off. M. de Vettes could not come at the Knowledge of all that paſſed, having ſet out immediately after the Action.

In order to render this Victory the more complete, Prince Charles of Lorrain attacked the 20th Inſtant a Body of 18 or 20,000 Pruſſians, that were encamped upon the Weiſſenberg, under the Command of General Keith, forced all the Lines and Entrenchments of the Enemy, routed them, and obliged them to take Flight with the greateſt Precipitation, and with the Loſs of 2000 killed, ſeveral Cannon, and a great Number of Pontoons. Her Majeſty's Troops, upon both theſe Occaſions, performed Prodigies of Wonder.

If we are under Obligations to Marſhal Daun for reſcuing Prague from a furious Bombardment, which ſhocks Humanity, we are alſo infinitely obliged to his Royal Highneſs Prince Charles, for maintaining, in the moſt glorious Manner, a Place not only bad in itſelf, but deſtitute of every Thing neceſſary for the Subſiſtance of the Troops that were ſhut up there, Bread excepted, which happily did not yet fall ſhort: It was this reſolute Behaviour of Prince Charles that gave Time for Marſhal Daun to receive the Reinforcements that were deſigned for him, and enabled him to face the Pruſſian Army, which he has totally defeated.

July 22. By Letters from Prague, dated the 13th Inſtant, we hear that the heavy Baggages of our Army were ordered to retire four Leagues, and that the King of Pruſſia had received a Reinforcement drawn from all the Garriſons, ſo that we expect an Action daily.

Berlin, July 16. The Journal of the Campaign in Bohemia is publiſhed here, in which the Army is ſaid to have loſt in the Battle of the Eighteenth of June about ſeven or eight Thouſand Men, and ſome Pieces of Cannon, which could not be brought off on Account of the Carriages being broken, a great Number of Horſes killed, the exceſſive Heat of the Weather, and the Eminences they had to go over. Marſhal Keith had 200 Men killed, and 400 wounded, and loſt two Pieces of Cannon, 4 Pounders.

Vienna, June 29. A circumſtantial Relation of that bloody Affair is juſt publiſhed here; whereby it appears that the Pruſſians have loſt 20,000 Men at leaſt; 6500 of their Dead were buried in the Field of Battle; and we have 7000 Priſoners (wounded included) among whom are Lieutenant-General Treſkow, Major General Pennewitz, and 120 other Officers of inferior Rank. We have taken 22 Flags, 45 Pieces of Cannon, a Number of Carriages for Artillery, and ſeveral Ammunition Waggons. Upwards of 3000 Deſerters came into our Army immediately after the Battle, and very conſiderable Numbers took other Routs. Never was the Management of Artillery better executed than ours in this Action. By a Liſt annexed to this Relation, our Loſs ſtands thus:

	Killed.	Wounded.
Infantry, - - -	795	3554
Belonging to Artillery,	24	62
Cavalry, - - - - -	163	825
Total,	982	4441
Horſes, - - -	414	748

Berlin, June 25. The Court has juſt received the following Account of an Engagement which happened the 18th near Collin, and of what has paſſed in Bohemia ſince.

The King marched the 13th from the Camp at Prague, with ſeveral Battalions and Squadrons, and joined the Corps under the Command of Prince Bevern, who quitted his Camp of Nenhoff, and met his Majeſty at Kaurtzim. After this Junction the King advanced towards Marſhal Daun, who was arrived in the Neighbourhood of Collin, reinforced by all the Auſtrian Troops which were in Moravia, and a large Train of Artillery from Olmutz. The Enemy's Army was ranged in Order of Battle in three Lines, upon a very high Hill, defended by a great Number of Pieces of Artillery; the Ways up were very narrow, which rendered the Approach difficult. The King, notwithſtanding the advantageous Situation of the Enemy, attacked them about Half an Hour after Two in the Afternoon. His Majeſty's Army took two Batteries and two Villages, defended by Infantry, but could not force the third, by Reaſon of the terrible Fire from the Artillery which protected it. We twice repulſed the Enemy on the Right; but the King not thinking proper to continue the Action any longer, withdrew with his Army towards the Elbe, retreating in perfect good Order. His Majeſty, in order to keep his Forces together in Bohemia, has raiſed the Blockade of Prague.

Dreſden, June 24. By the Advices arrived here this Day, we are informed, with Certainty, of the Action which happened in Bohemia the 18th; and, that after a vigorous Sally by the Garriſon of Prague, Marſhal Keith decamped from before that Place on the 20th, where Te Deum was ſung on the 22d. We hear that the Army of Marſhal Daun is approaching towards Saxony.

Extract of a Letter from Prague, June 21.

" At length (thank Heaven for all Things) we are delivered from the Pruſſians, but heartily wiſh that Prince Charles's Army had never taken Shelter within our Walls. On a moderate Computation, near Half the City is deſtroyed, and Abundance of Lives have been loſt, as well by Scantineſs of Proviſions, as by the Bombardment. It is but a Fortnight ſince the Garriſon, wanting to get rid of uſeleſs Mouths, turned out above 12,000 of the Inhabitants; but the Pruſſians drove them back into the City: And had not Marſhal Daun gained a Victory, by the King of Pruſſia's firſt being deceived by falſe Intelligence, artfully thrown in his Way, and afterwards by his relying too much on the Bravery of his Troops, this Place muſt have ſurrendered by this Time. This good Turn of Fortune has ſaved the Empreſs Queen's Army here, but we are ruined amongſt them all. The Buſineſs now is, to provide this Army with Neceſſaries for taking the Field."

Hague, July 1. According to Accounts received laſt Night directly from Bohemia, the Advantage the Auſtrians had gained over the Pruſſians in the laſt Action is nothing near ſo conſiderable as was repreſented at firſt, and his Pruſſian Majeſty ſeem-

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ed resolved to maintain his Ground in Bohemia. The Austrians now own, that the Prussians collected themselves in good Order, at a very small Distance from the Field of Battle, in Sight of M. Daun's Army, and afterwards retired in perfect good Order, the latter not being in a Condition to make any Use of the Advantage they had gained.

The King of Prussia having left the Prince of Bevern at Nimbourg, to which Place the Army had retreated after the Action, set out directly for the Camp before Prague, where he arrived the same Night, and immediately made the necessary Dispositions for raising the Siege: His heavy Artillery was drawn off the 19th of June at Night; and the Prince of Prussia marched at the same Time with his Corps, which encamped on the Side of the Zisca-Berg, to Nimbourg. Marshal Keith marched off on the 20th at Night; and Prince Charles of Lorrain was ignorant of the Whole, till he saw Marshal Keith moving off, when he sallied out to attack his Rear, which he could never break; and they now do not pretend to have killed 200 of the Prussians, nor to have taken one Piece of Cannon.

As to the Cannon taken at the Battle, they reduce it to one 24 Pounder, one 16, and a few Field Pieces.

By our last Advices from the Frontiers, the French do not seem disposed to pass the Weser. They are sending a Body of Troops behind them to East-Friesland.

Hague, July 5. According to our last Advices from Bohemia, the King of Prussia has maintained his Post at Brandeis and Nimbourg upon the Elbe.

Our latest Accounts from the Weser are of the 30th of June, at which Time his Royal Highness the Duke of Cumberland had made some Alteration in his Disposition, by reinforcing the Corps under Lieutenant-General Sporken towards Hamelen: The Navigation of that River was still free from that Place down to Minden, and his Britannic Majesty's Army well provided, and in perfect Order. The French had not then passed the Weser.

Amsterdam, July 25. By Letters from Marshal d'Etrees Army we learn, That this General has given Notice that he will hang up all Peasants that shall be taken in Arms against his Troops.

There are three Billets of the King of Prussia, which deserve to be preserved. They do him Honour. The first he wrote to Field Marshal Schwerin after the Battle of Lowositz, in these Words:

'The Austrians are more full of Wiles than 'heretofore; and take my Word for it, that 'under such a General as they have at present, it 'will cost an infinite Number of Men to beat 'them, unless we bring a great many Cannon 'against them.'

The second was wrote by that Prince immediately after his Defeat on the 18th of June.

'I have no Reason to complain, says his Ma'jesty, of the Bravery of my Troops, or the Ex'perience of my Officers. I alone was in Fault, 'and I hope to repair it.'

In the third, which was wrote from the Camp at Leitmeritz, he says,

'I am assembling my Forces, and wait for the 'Enemy; but to judge from their Dispositions, 'I must probably go and attack them.'

According to some Accounts from Bohemia (which are said to be transmitted thither from the Duke of Cumberland's Camp) we may soon expect the News of another Battle between the Prussians and Austrians. The King of Prussia, they say, had collected all his Forces in the Neighbourhood of Nimbourg, since the Battle, and was resolved to have a new Trial of Skill with his Enemies, who gained their last Advantage only by Superiority of Numbers, and the Hills on which they were drawn up; Circumstances which have no way dispirited his Troops.

LONDON, July 6.

The Emperor's Minister is set out on his Return to Vienna.——A Ship from Carolina, for Topsham, is taken.——The three East-India Ships from Ireland, are arrived in the Downs.

July 7. They write from Hanover, that Marshal d'Etrees lately sent an Officer to the Duke of Cumberland, to demand a free Passage through that Electorate; at the same Time giving his Word and Honour, that no Damage should be done to any of the electoral Dominions, and that the French Army should observe the most exact Discipline as they passed through; but that in Case of Refusal he would immediately make his Way Sword in Hand. To which his Royal Highness made Answer, That such a Demand was diametrically contrary to the Views which induced him to accept of the Command conferred upon him by his Royal Father; so that a Battle is expected very soon.

July 9. The Government have contracted for more Transports, and Camps are forming in different Parts of the Kingdom.

July 10. The York Man of War has taken two St. Domingo Ships, and a French Privateer. The Fleet from Leghorn is arrived.

July 12. A Letter received in Town says, That about a Fortnight since, Admiral Boscawen was seen off Cape-Clear, with nine Ships of the Line, steering towards North-America, where he is destined, notwithstanding it was reported, at the Time of the Admiral's sailing from hence, he was going to cruize in the Bay of Biscay.

The following is an Abstract of a Letter from Gen. Clieve, Chief Commander of the Land Forces in the late Expedition to Bengall.

"I have now the Pleasure to inform you, that Success hath attended our Army hitherto by Sea and Land. Calcutta is retaken and fortified, and the second City in this Province is taken by Storm and plundered.

"We are encamped with our little Army, and the Nabob at the Head of 40,000 Men is upon the March to give us Battle. I am in hopes every Thing will be concluded to the Company's Advantage, though not in so glorious a Manner as I could wish."

July 30. By a private Letter from Warsaw, dated June 18, we learn that the Russian Army is in full March towards the Frontiers of Prussia, in three Divisions. The first, which moves in two Columns, is under the Command of Field Marshal Apraxin; the second, under General Lapuchin; and the third under General Lieven. If we may give entire Credit to this Letter, the greatest Part of this numerous Army is composed of raw Soldiers, many of them Boys, ill cloathed, and wretchedly provided.

This Morning the Cartel has hoisted her Flag of Truce, in order for sailing with Exchange of Prisoners to Sherburgh as before.

ST. JOHN'S, *in* ANTIGUA, *August* 6.

Yesterday there was a Privateer Schooner sent into English Harbour by Captain Leslie, Commander of the Bristol Man of War, of 50 Guns. On Wednesday a Barbados Privateer, Captain Clifford, brought in here a French Privateer Sloop; and this Morning came in a Dutch Sloop, laden with Cordage and Ammunition, taken by the Privateer Tartar, Captain M'Lane, of this Island; all her Hands are French; the Privateer was left in Chace of another Vessel.

August 13. On Thursday Night last arrived here (to the great Relief of the whole Island) the Snow Muggy, Capt. Allison, from Philadelphia, loaded with Bread and Flour. About five o'Clock on Wednesday Morning, he saw a large Ship in full Chace of him, when he immediately crowded all the Sail possible; but some Hours after observing two Sloops coming from the Southward, and imagining there was much more Danger to be apprehended from them, than from the Ship, he lay to for her; she very fortunately proved to be the Bristol Man of War, of 50 Guns, commanded by Capt. LESLIE; who took the Snow under his Convoy, and saw her safe into St. John's Road on Thursday Evening.——Capt. LESLIE never once attempted to chase the Privateers for fear of losing the Snow, well knowing of what inestimable Value her Cargo was in this present Scarcity of Provisions; to prevent her separating from him in the Night by bad Weather, he lent her a Hawser, and took her in Tow, he also attempted to put some Marines on board, who in Case of an Attack would have been of great Service, but was prevented by a heavy Squall coming on: This Behaviour of Captain LESLIE is the fullest Proof of his Duty to his Country, and his disinterested Generosity, in preferring the Welfare of a COMMUNITY to his own PRIVATE Interest.

Extract of a Letter from Mr. Robert Scott, at St. Kitts, dated August the 11th, to his Correspondent in Antigua.

"*I had the Misfortune of being taken the 26th ult. in Sight of Antigua, by two French Frigates of* 34 *and* 32 *Guns, and carried into Martinico; I was bound to Jamaica in the Ship Prince of Wales, William Lewis Commander, a Letter of Marque,* 18 *Six Pounders,* 2 *Four Pounders, and* 80 *Men; the Day before we were taken, we engaged two French Privateers, and obliged them to sheer off, and at the Time of our being taken we were engaging a French Privateer of* 12 *Guns and* 120 *Men.*"

NEW-YORK, *September* 12.

By several Letters that came in the Packet, to Gentlemen in this City, from their Correspondents in London, we have Advice, That a grand Alliance is agreed upon between the Courts of Spain and England; and that they intend to act in Conjunction in some very grand Enterprise, for which Purpose large Provision was making in the Ports of both Kingdoms; that the Populace of the Orange Party in Holland, being jealous of the growing Power of France, were inclinable to take up Arms in Favour of England; that the King of Prussia, in a Letter to his Britannic Majesty, blames himself much, in not waiting for a Reinforcement of 12,000 Men that were on their March to join him, the 18th of June, the Day he attacked Marshal Daun, the Austrian Army consisting of 65,000, and his own not more than 32,000; and that three Regiments more were ordered to hold themselves in Readiness to embark for America on the first Notice.

By Letters received from Boston last Post, we have certain Advice, That two English 64 Gun Ships were spoke with by some Fishermen, on the 29th ult. who some Days before parted from two Ships of 74 Guns each, all bound to Halifax, to join the Fleet under the Command of Vice Admiral Holbourne.

Wednesday last the Privateer Sloop Harlequin, Capt. Doran, of this Port, returned here from her fourth Cruize, being only 35 Days from Rhode-Island. On the 20th of August, in Latitude 32: 20, Capt. Doran, in Company with the Privateer Brig King Hendrick, Capt. Tomkins, of Rhode-Island, of ten 3 Pounders, took the following Vessels, viz.

Ship Le Triumphant, Monsieur Arnave, of eight Guns, 35 Men.

Ship Le St. Francis, Mon. Duove, 10 Guns, 40 Men.

Brig Quatre Amies, Monsieur Duran, 12 Men.

They were all bound to Bourdeaux, from Martinico, and are loaded with Coffee, Cotton and Sugar. The Ship Le Triumphant is brought in here; and the other two Capt. Tomkins carried to Rhode-Island.

Saturday Night last at 11 o'Clock arrived the *July* Mail from England, brought by the Earl of Leicester Packet Boat, formerly under Captain Ratford, deceased, but now under Captain Morris, formerly of the Earl of Halifax Packet Boat. Besides the foregoing Account of the Routing of the King of Prussia's Army before Prague, we have only Time at present to insert the following Particulars in a short and concise Manner, some of them being taken from the public Papers, and others from private Letters and Captain Morris's Intelligence,—viz.——That on the 27th of July was brought into Falmouth by the Defiance Privateer of London, Capt. Dyer, a French Privateer of 18 Guns, and 200 Men: She took also at the same Time a Jamaica Snow bound to London, and a Brig, which the Frenchman were convoying to Port: In the Chace the French Privateer threw 15 of his Guns overboard.——That the Ferret Privateer of Bristol, Capt. Inglish, had carried into Falmouth two Dutchmen bound to France, laden with Corn and Timber.——That the Blenheim of London had taken, in her Passage to the Groyne, a Snow bound from St. Domingo to Bourdeaux, called L'Aigire, Capt. Brunette, laden with Sugar, Indico, and Cotton.——That the Britannia, Capt. Fowler, was chaced off Scilly the 10th and 11th of June, full 30 Hours, by the Granville Privateer of 38 Guns, and 280 Men, who came up with him at Ten at Night, and engaged four Hours, when the Granville sheered off, and soon after blew up: Capt. Fowler saved four Men from the Wreck.——That great Preparations are making for embarking twelve or thirteen Regiments of Forces, besides a large Train of Battering Cannon, Scaling Ladders, &c. that the Transports were taking in their Provisions for six Months; and the Admirals Boscawen (who was returned with his Fleet from an unsuccessful Cruize in the Bay, having met with only five French Privateers, who, as usual, escaped) and Hawke, are to command the Fleet; that various were the Reports concerning their Destination, some inclining to think they are going up the Mediterranean; others as confidently affirm they are for the Baltic; while some others say, that it is our Turn to spread the Terrors of an Invasion, and that they are actually designed against the Southern Parts of France; tho' in all Probability they may be all mistaken, as the Designs of the Ministry are kept very secret; and that these Reports of their Destination, are nothing more than to alarm France, while they may be designed upon some of their remote Settlements.——That a sumptuous Monument is erecting

ing in Westminster Abbey, to the Memory of Sir PETER WARREN.——That the General Wall, Capt. Lutwyche, was safe arrived at Falmouth.

The Gosport Man of War has taken a Schooner Privateer of Cape-Breton, and carried her into St. John's in Newfoundland. She had taken several English Prizes a few Days before, some belonging to Philadelphia.

Saturday last one John Cotes, who lately lived at Conojohary, in Albany County, passed by here in his Way to New-Jersey; but first gave us the following Account, viz. That sometime last Week there were 46 Persons carried off by the French and Indians from the German Flats,—That Numbers of the (pretended) Friend Indians were seen among the Enemy,—That the Inhabitants are most all moving away,—And that the Enemy, it was thought, consisted of some Hundreds, pillaging and ravaging the Country, and captivating or scalping all they come across, Coates himself being one among the Fugitives.

Letters from Halifax, mention the Return of Admiral Holbourne, with his Fleet, from Louisburg, where the French Fleet are still at Anchor in the Harbour, and whose Number of great Guns on board their Line of Battle Ships, exceed those of the English by 158.

We also learn that the French Encampments are quite thick all along the Sea Side, on Cape-Breton Isle, particularly in such Places where there was any Likelihood of landing a Body of Men, having also several strong Batteries newly erected.

The Highland Forces are arrived at Halifax.

PHILADELPHIA, *September* 15.

Extract of a Letter from Falmouth, dated July 29.

"On Saturday Evening an outward bound French East-Indiaman was brought into Plymouth, taken by five of our Privateers.——She had only 40 Guns mounted, but was pierced for 74. A Cartel is at last settled, and several Prisoners exchanged on both Sides."

In a Letter from Albany, dated the 5th of September, it is said, that five Days before two of our People had come in from Ticonderoga, and informed, that all the Canadians and Savages were gone off; and that the Regulars, excepting four Battalions, were also gone to Quebec, Montreal, St. John's, &c. but that the Indians were expected back again some Time next Month.

Another Letter from the same Place mentions that Captain Putman was returned from viewing Ticonderoga, where he saw but few Tents and Men: And that a large scouting Party of our Indians were gone out.

A Prize Snow, retaken, bound to Carolina from Liverpool, is in the River. She was taken by the Stanwyx Privateer of this Port, and two Privateers of New-York, it is said. What her Lading consists of not known.

Since our last an Express arrived here from Northampton with Advice, that two Indians had come to Fort Allen from Diahogo, and informed, that a little above that Place they had seen five Frenchmen, and five French Indians, who said they expected to be joined by twenty Indians more; that they designed to come down to the Minisinks a Scalping; take a View of our Forts, and endeavour to get some Prisoners, in order to be informed of the Strength of the Country; then go away to Fort Johnson, and so return home with their Intelligence to the French General. And on Friday Morning last one James Tidd was killed and scalped in the Minisinks by some Indians, and a Soldier shot in the Back, but likely to do well.

On Tuesday last the second Battalion of the Royal Americans passed by here, on their Way to Carlisle; the Colonel of the Battalion, Mr. Dessau, died at New-Brunswick.

ANNAPOLIS, *September* 22.

For *Frederick* County, the following Gentlemen are elected Representatives, *viz.* Capt. *Joseph Chapline*, Mr. *Edward Dorsey*, Mr. *Thomas Beatty*, and Col. *Thomas Cresap*. The Election lasted Four Days.

For *Cecil* County, Major *Nicholas Hyland*, Mr. *Henry Baker*, Capt. *Henry Ward*, and Mr. *Michael Earle*.

The General Assembly of this Province is to meet here on Wednesday next.

Last Thursday an unhappy Affair happened at *Fredericksburg*, in *Virginia*: *Thomas Frazier*, our late faithful diligent Post-Rider, getting into some Dispute in a Tavern with an Officer of the *Virginia* Regiment, the Officer gave him a Blow with his Hand in the Face, of which he died in about Three Quarters of an Hour. The Officer immediately delivered himself up to Justice, and ordered a decent Burial for the Deceased.

Saturday last *Richard Clark* was Tried at the Provincial Court, now sitting, for the Murder of *Benjamin White* (who was about to marry his Mother) in *November* last; by shooting him in the Thigh; but the Evidence against him was not full enough to Convict him, and he was Acquitted.

TO BE SOLD,

By the Subscriber, in ANNAPOLIS, *at very reasonable Rates,*

GOOD CLARET WINE, *West-India* RUM, Loaf and *Muscovado* SUGAR, MELASSES in Barrels, and good *Castile* SOAP by the Box. 1 JAMES JOHNSON, junior.

LOST,

BETWEEN *Baltimore-Town* and *Annapolis*, on the 21st of this Instant *September*, Fifty-three Pounds *Virginia* Paper Currency, Six Sheets of the new Emission of the *Maryland* Currency (in each of which are a Fifteen, a Ten, a Five, and a Half Crown Bill) and Two Thirty-six Shilling Pieces, all wrapped up in the *Maryland* GAZETTE of *August* 28th.

Whoever finds and brings it to the Printer hereof, shall have the Two Thirty-six Shilling Pieces as a Reward. X 1 pd 5/0

SEVEN Hundred and Twenty Acres of LAND in one Parcel, Eight Hundred and Four Acres in another, and Six Hundred and Seventy-six in another, lying on *Nicholson*'s Manor in *Baltimore* County; of which any One or Two of the Parcels to be Sold, either by the Quantities mentioned, or in Lots of One, Two, or Three Hundred Acres. There is great Plenty of Timber, and fine Meadow Grounds, with Improvements on some of the Parcels. Attendance, with a skilful Surveyor, will be given on the Land the first Thursday and Friday in *October*. Time will be given for Payment, with good Security and Interest.

1 pd. ROGER BOYCE.

TO BE SOLD, 1

HAIRS, lately imported from *London*, to the Amount of about Twenty-five Pounds Sterling first Cost, very good, and well sorted; also, some Barber's Utensils. Enquire of the Printer.

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1 pd 2/6 *September* 21, 1757.

RAN away from the Subscriber, living in *Annapolis*, on the 20th Instant, a Convict Servant Man named *William Logan*, a Barber by Trade, about 23 or 24 Years of Age, of a very small Stature and effeminate Look, wears his own Hair, which is a dark brown, and curls a little: He is pert and talkative. Had on a grey Bearskin Coat with white Metal Buttons, a red Waistcoat, brown *German* Serge Breeches, white Stockings, and an old flour'd Hat.

Whoever takes up and brings home the said Servant, if taken within Five Miles of Town, shall have Thirty Shillings Reward, beside what the Law allows; and if further off, Three Pounds, and reasonable Charges, paid by

ANDREW BUCHANAN.

THERE is at the Plantation of *John Mash*, in *Baltimore* County, taken up as a Stray, a middle-siz'd Strawberry-Roan Horse, about 9 Years old, branded on his near Shoulder I S.

The Owner may have him again, on proving his Property, and paying Charges. 1 pd

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THERE is at the Plantation of *George Ashman*, in *Baltimore* County, taken up as a Stray, a large Dark Roan Mare, about 14½ Hands high, branded on the near Shoulder K, and on the near Buttock I B, and is about 12 Years old.

The Owner may have her again, on proving his Property, and paying Charges. 1 pd.

THERE is at the Plantation of *Enoch Bailey*, in *Baltimore* County, taken up as a Stray, a small Sorrel Mare, branded on the near Shoulder E H, and has a Star in her Forehead.

The Owner may have her again, on proving his Property, and paying Charges. 1 pd.

THERE is at the Plantation of *James Boyd-ston*, living on *Bush-Creek* in *Frederick* County, taken up as a Stray, a middle-siz'd Bay Mare, branded on the near Thigh AR (join'd together) and has several Saddle Spots. She had on a small Bell with 4 Patches.

The Owner may have her again, on proving his Property, and paying Charges.

1 pd.

TO BE SOLD TO THE HIGHEST BIDDER, *by the Subscribers, for ready Money, on Wednesday the Twenty-eighth of this Instant* September, *at the House of* HENRY BATEMAN, *at* Elk Ridge *Landing, being Part of the Estate of* RICHARD WESTALL, *deceased*, 7

A TRACT of LAND, called *Smith's Desire*, containing 250 Acres.

Also, Part of *Jackson's Venture*, lying on the East Side of *Curtis*'s Creek, containing 150 Acres. It is chiefly good Wood-Land, except 4 Acres, which are cleared. pd

All Persons having any Demands on the said Estate, are desired to bring them in, that they may be adjusted; and those indebted, are requested to make Payment to

RICHARD JACOB, senior, HUGH MERRIKEN, junior, } Executors.

THERE is at the Plantation of *Gerard Fowke*, in *Charles* County, taken up as a Stray, a small Flea-bitten Grey Mare, branded on the near Buttock I M, she has a long Switch Tail, and her Mane hangs chiefly on the near Side. 1

The Owner may have her again, on proving his Property, and paying Charges. pd.

THERE is at the Plantation of *Richard Talbot*, in *Frederick* County, taken up as a Stray, a Grey Mare, about 12 Hands high, branded on the near Buttock with O, she is Flea-bitten very much about the Head, and is a natural Pacer. 1

The Owner may have her again, on proving his Property, and paying Charges. pd.

Port-Tobacco, September 4, 1757.

TAKEN out of *Port-Tobacco* old Church, on Wednesday Night, the 31st *ultimo*, a Woman's GOLD WATCH, made by FOSTER, LONDON; the Out-side Case of black Shagreen, the In-side Case Gold chas'd; and has a very fine double wash'd Pinch-beck Chain, a Gold Dial-Plate, a fine Stone Seal of Pinch-beck, double wash'd, and an Egg of Gold to put Sponge in. Also a Woman's Huswife with three Flaps, and full of Needles of different Kinds, and several more Trifles, such as Ruffles, &c. 2

Whoever will bring or contrive the said Watch and Huswife to the Subscriber, or to Mr. *Walter Hanson*, Major *Daniel of St. Thomas Jenifer*, or to Mr. *William Douglass*, shall have THREE PISTOLES and a HALF Reward, and no Questions ask'd.

WILLIAM WAITE.

September 12, 1757.

RAN away last Night, from the Snow *Hawke*, *William Few* Master, lying at *Swan-Creek*, in *Baltimore* County, Two Servants, who profess themselves Sailors, *viz.*

Peter M'Clain, a small Man, well turned, of a fair Complexion, and freckled. Had on a green Waistcoat, Sailor's Trowsers, a grey cut Wig, a Hat almost new, and Shoes and Stockings.

John White, a Convict, lately brought into the Country, of a brown Complexion, middle Size, and well-set. He left his Cloaths on board the Vessel, and it is supposed has dressed himself in the undermentioned, which they stole and took with them, *viz.* a blue Broad Cloth Waistcoat, lined with green, double breasted, but has no Pockets, one Bird Eyed Stuff Ditto of Silk and Hair, lined with red Shalloon, and has been some Time worn, a Cinnamon flowered Silk Damask Jacket, without Sleeves, the back Parts of red Silk, and lined with red Silk, a striped Holland Shirt, Three or Four white Shirts, one Muslin Neckcloth, a Pair of narrow strip'd Holland Trowsers, a Pair of Leather Breeches, 2 Check Shirts, a Pair of ribb'd and wormed Thread Stockings, and a Pair of plain Ditto. They stole and took with them also, a large Twelve Hogshead Flat, rigged with Schooner Sails pretty much worn; the Flat goes well. X 2

Peter M'Clain is just from *Philadelphia*; and has been some Time in Prison there, which makes his Hands appear very fair.

Whoever takes up the said Sailors and Flat, and detains them so that they may be had again, shall receive what the Law allows, and reasonable Charges, of JACOB GILES.

Prince-George's County, *Sept.* 12, 1757.

WHEREAS the Subscriber and *Mary* his Wife, have lived separate for several Years past, in which Time she hath contracted several Debts with Merchants, without his Knowledge or Consent: This is therefore to forbid all Persons from Trusting her on his Account from the Date hereof, as it is out of his Power ever to make Satisfaction, he being disabled in his Limbs. X 2

LACKLAND DUFF.

ANY Ship-Master wanting a good able Hand, who was brought up to the Sea, may hear of one, by enquiring of the Printer hereof, and know the Terms.

X 2

TO BE SOLD BY PUBLIC VENDUE,

On Friday the 14th of October, *at the Subscriber's Quarter, near* Nottingham, *for Currency or Sterling,*

X 2

PART of Three Tracts of LAND, adjoining to each other, called *Skinner's Chance*, *Turner's Place*, and *Johnson's Farm*, containing 293 Acres, and lying on *Patuxent* River, in *Calvert* County.

And at the same Time and Place will be Sold, a Parcel of likely NEGROES: And STOCK of various Kinds. JOHN GRIFFITH.

X 2

DESERTED on the 25th of *August* last, from the Subscriber, *William Hutchison* (who served his Time with one *James Jones*, near *Broad-Creek*) of a dark Complexion, about 29 Years of Age.

Whoever shall apprehend, and commit him to *Prince-George's* County Goal, and give the Subscriber Notice thereof, shall receive FORTY SHILLINGS Currency, paid by

BASIL MAGRUDER.

X 2

RAN away from the Subscriber, living near *Baltimore-Town*, on the 13th of this Instant *September*, a Convict Servant Man (who was imported this Year in Capt. *Holmes*) named *Thomas Drury*, about 4 Feet 11 Inches high, tolerably well-set, has a round Face, a fresh Complexion, is round shouldered, wears his own Hair, which is brown and curls, he is slow of Speech, and speaks broad. He had on and took with him, 2 Kersey Coats, a Scarlet Waistcoat, a Pair of greasy Leather Breeches, and 2 Country Linen Shirts, pretty fine.

Whoever takes up the said Servant, and brings him to his Master, or secures him in any Goal, shall have, if taken Twenty Miles from *Baltimore-Town*, Thirty Shillings Currency Reward, besides what the Law allows; and if taken out of the County, shall receive Forty Shillings Currency, and reasonable Charges if brought home.

DAVID GORSUCH.

X 3

RAN away from the Subscriber, living in the Fork of *Patuxent*, near *Snowden's* Iron-Works, in *Anne-Arundel* County, on Sunday the 28th of *August* last, a Convict Servant Man, named *Thomas Rowling*, aged about 25 Years, is about 6 Feet high, of a brown Complexion, and grey Eyed. Had on when he went away, an Osnabrigs Shirt, Cotton Jacket, Crocus Trowsers, old Country made Shoes, and a Leather Hat.

He was apprehended not far from *York-Town*, and in his Way to *Frederick-Town* made his Escape.

Whoever takes up and secures the said Servant, so that his Master may have him again, shall have a Pistole Reward, besides what the Law allows, paid by SETH WARFIELD.

3

Baltimore County, *August* 15, 1757.

RAN away on the 7th Instant, from the Subscriber, a Servant Man, named *Robert Williams*, a *Welchman*, 35 Years of Age, about 5 Feet 10 Inches high, of a fresh Complexion, smooth faced, stoops as he walks, and pretends to be a Gardener. Had on when he went away (or carried with him) a Frock of brown Cloth Frize, with Metal Buttons, a strait-bodied Great Coat of blue Cloth, and blue Mohair Buttons, with a large Cape to it, an old white Frock of Tweeled Stuff, with yellow Metal Buttons, 2 Pair of Osnabrigs Trowsers, and a black Wig. He was Gardener to the late Mr. *Charles Christie*, and by him bought last Year from Mr. *William Lux*.

Whoever apprehends the said Runaway, and brings him to Mr. *James Dick*, or to me, shall have FORTY SHILLINGS Reward, paid by

HUGH DEANS.

4

ALL Persons indebted to the Estate of Dr. *Alexander Hamilton*, late of *Annapolis*, deceased, are desired to make immediate Payment, otherwise they may expect to be sued: And those who have any Demands against the said Estate, are desired to bring in their Accounts, that they may be settled by WILLIAM MURDOCK.

August 29, 1757.

RAN away on Saturday Night last, from the Subscribers, living near *Elk-Ridge*, in *Anne-Arundel* County, *Maryland*, Two Convict Servant Men, *viz.*

Lawrence O Bryan, an *Irishman*, imported this Summer into *Patapsco* River, aged about 26 Years, of a brown Complexion, about 5 Feet 9 or 10 Inches high, a well-set clean limb'd Fellow, has short black Hair, and wears a Wig; and had with him, two other Wigs, a blue close-bodied Coat with a Velvet Cape, two Vests, one of them striped Flannel, the other a Cinnamon Colour, a Pair of Osnabrigs Trowsers, a Pair of Linen Breeches, two Pair of Worsted Hose, one Pair blue, the other grey, a Pair of Country Shoes nailed, two Shirts, one Osnabrigs, the other Check, an old Castor Hat, and generally wears it cock'd.

George Gale, a West Country Man, which may easily be discovered by his Talking broad, by Trade a Mason, but may deny his Calling, and profess something else, about 5 Feet 7 Inches high, a thick well-set Fellow, and wears his own Hair, being of a dark brown Colour, which he may cut off, and has a heavy clownish Look. Had on when he went away, a new Kersey Coat with flat Metal Buttons, an Osnabrigs Vest, Breeches, and Trowsers, two Pair of Country Stockings, one Pair black and white, the other Pair white, a Pair of Country-made Shoes nailed, three Osnabrigs Shirts, one of them old, the others new, and a new Felt Hat.

Whoever secures the said Servants, so that they may be had again, shall receive for *O Bryan*, Twenty Shillings, if taken in the County, and Two Pistoles, if out of the County; and for *Gale*, Forty Shillings, if out of the County; Fifty Shillings, if Forty Miles from home; and Three Pistoles, if out of the Province; and reasonable Travelling Charges shall be paid if the Servants are brought home, by

X 3 JOHN DORSEY, Son of *Edward*,
JOHN CARR.

N. B. All Masters of Vessels are forbid taking them away at their Peril.

TO BE RUN FOR,

On the Second TUESDAY of OCTOBER, *at* UPPER-MARLBOROUGH,

A PRIZE of THIRTY POUNDS, by any Horse, Mare, or Gelding, (that never won a Prize of Ten Pounds Value) the best of Three Heats, Two Miles each Heat, to carry One Hundred and Twenty-six Pounds.

And, on the Wednesday following, a PRIZE of FIFTEEN POUNDS on the same Terms as the first Day; the winning Horse only to be excepted

Any Person, not a Subscriber, to pay Thirty Shillings Entrance the First Day, and Fifteen Shillings the next Day. If a Subscriber, to pay only Fifteen Shillings the First Day, and Seven Shillings and Six Pence the next.

The Horses, *&c.* to be Entered the Day before Running with *Benjamin Berry* or *Benjamin Brookes*; and the Riders to be weighed on the Day of Entrance before the Judges.

All Disputes to be determined by Messieurs *John Cooke* and *Joseph Sim*. 6

JOHN INCH,

Living near the DOCK at ANNAPOLIS,

KEEPS a good BOAT and HANDS to carry Passengers, Carriages, and Horses, across the Bay to *Kent-Island*, or *Eastern-Neck*, at the usual Prices. And, as he keeps a House of ENTERTAINMENT, all Travellers may depend on good Provisions, and kind Treatment, From 7 *Their humble Servant*,

JOHN INCH.

N. B. He has a good COOPER who performs any Thing in that Way of Business, at very reasonable Prices.

THE Subscriber intending shortly for ENGLAND, desires Settlements with all Persons who have open Accounts with him, and Payments from as many as can oblige him. Such as cannot discharge their Ballances, will be indulged with Time, on giving Security, if thought necessary to be required. 8 HANCOCK LEE.

July 27, 1757.

THE Subscriber intending, very shortly for ENGLAND, desires all Persons indebted to him, to come and settle their respective Accounts by Note, Bond, or otherwise; and those to whom he is indebted, to come and receive Payment. DANIEL WOLSTENHOLME.

Annapolis, July 28, 1757.

THE Subscriber purposing for LONDON this Fall, to supply himself with WORKMEN and STAY-GOODS, gives Notice to all his old Customers and Others, that they may, on his Return (which he intends shall be as early as possible next Spring), be furnished with STAYS, made in the neatest Manner and of the newest Fashions, or as they shall be pleased to direct, with the greatest Expedition, upon their favouring him with their Commands as usual. And as it is necessary that he should collect his Debts (many of which have been long due), before he goes, for the carrying on his Trade in the Manner he proposes, and discharging all Claims against him, he desires all those who are indebted to him, to make immediate Payment; and hopes that this will be looked on by them, as the last Request which he intends to make in this Manner.

CHARLES WALLACE.

N. B. STAY-MAKING will be carried on by him as usual, till the last of *September* next.

TO BE SOLD BY THE SUBSCRIBER, at his House near Elk-Ridge *Church, in* Anne-Arundel *County*,

AN Assortment of good fresh MEDICINES, Chymical and Galenical, imported from *London*, sufficient (with the Addition of a few more, which may be had here) to furnish a Shop for a Beginner in the Practice of Physic; as also Utensils for an Apothecary's Shop, a compleat new Set of Surgeon's Instruments, a small Collection of new Books on Surgery, Physic, *&c.* The Medicines to be Sold all in one Article, the Instruments in another, and the Books and Shop-Furniture, as the Buyer shall have Occasion, and as shall be agreed on, all at reasonable Rates, for Sterling or Current Money, or Credit upon Security, if required, by JAMES MACGILL.

N. B. A Catalogue of the Books may be seen at the PRINTING-OFFICE.

WANTED,

A CURATE in *Dorchester* Parish, in *Dorchester* County. Any CLERGYMAN of the Church of *England*, that is without a Parish, and can come well recommended, will meet with great Encouragement, by applying to the Vestrymen of said Parish, who are impowered by the present Incumbent to agree with some fit Person to officiate in his Place.

Signed per *Order*,
ROGER JONES, Register.

June 9, 1757.

ALL Persons indebted to the PAPER CURRENCY OFFICE, are required to pay the INTEREST due on their BONDS within Six Months from the Date hereof, otherwise the Bonds will be put in Suit.

Signed per *Order of the Commissioners*,
RICHARD DORSEY, Clerk
of the Paper Currency Office.

ANDREW THOMPSON,
ROPE-MAKER,

In Annapolis, *who formerly lived with Mr.* James Dick, *in* London-Town,

IS now removed to Mr. *John Golder's*, near the Town-Gate, where he carries on the ROPE-MAKING BUSINESS in all it's Branches, and where all Persons may be supplied with ROPES of any Kind, black or white: And all those who shall be pleased to favour him with their Custom, may depend on being faithfully served with the best of Ropes, by

Their most humble Servant,
ANDREW THOMPSON.

N. B. He has plenty of TRACES and PLOUGH-LINES by him, which he will sell at the most reasonable Rates.

ANNAPOLIS: Printed by JONAS GREEN, POST-MASTER, at his OFFICE in *Charles-street*; by whom all Persons may be supplied with this GAZETTE, at 12*s.* 6*d. per* Year. ADVERTISEMENTS of a moderate Length are taken in and inserted for Five Shillings the first Week, and One Shilling each Week after the First.